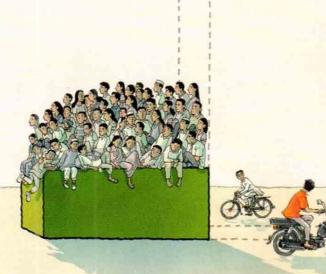
The Economist

JANUARY 13TH-19TH 2018

America's one-year-old president
Teenagers: less alcohol, more angst
Who is the king of Wall Street?
The frustrations of physics

India's missing middle class





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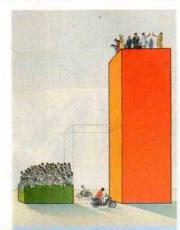
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Contents



On the cover

India has a hole where its middle class should be. That should worry the government and companies: leader, page 9. Multinational businesses relying on Indian consumers for bumper growth face disappointment, page 16

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to take part in "a severe contest between intelligence, which presses forward, and an unworthy, timid ignorance obstructing our progress.

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7 The world this week

Leaders

- 9 India's economy The missing middle class
- 10 Trump's America One year old
- 11 Immigration Time for a fix
- 11 Particle physics Lord of the rings
- 12 A generation's mood Teens and screens

Letters

14 On Russia, slavery, Italy, Dana Gas, lifts, tigers, wine

Briefing

16 India's middle class The elephant in the room

Asia

- 19 Demography in Japan (1) Staying alive
- 20 Demography in Japan (2) Cash for kids
- 20 Korean detente Games amid the frost
- 22 Parenting in Singapore Rules are thicker than blood
- 22 Pakistan and America Falling out again
- 23 India's biometric IDs Uniquely vulnerable
- 24 Banyan The Meiji restoration

China

- 25 Farming Dreaming big
- 26 Searching for roots Genealogical challenges
- 26 The environment Gauging public opinion

United States

- 27 Trump and the economy No discredit
- 28 The judiciary Full-court press
- 30 Lobbying A year in the swamp
- 30 Attention-seeking All the president's tweets

- 31 Missile defence The other kind of leaking
- 32 The president What's on his mind
- 33 Lexington Banished Bannon

The Americas

- 35 Deportation El Salvador the unready
- 36 Pope Francis in Chile In search of lost sheep
- 38 Canada Accounting for legal pot

Middle East and Africa

- 39 South Africa Failed by the state
- 40 War and wildlife Conflict's other casualties
- 40 The Gambia's spooks Out of the shadows
- 41 After Iran's protests Blame games
- 42 Protests in Tunisia Austerity bites
- 42 Saudi Arabia's budget Taxing times

Europe

- 43 Germany Freedom and its discontents
- 44 Immigration in France Ideals meet reality
- 45 Georgia and Russia Pragmatic but principled
- 45 Kosovo After the war
- 46 Dementia villages Experimental care
- 47 Charlemagne Shrinking Bulgaria

Britain

- 48 Business and workers Situations vacant
- 49 Brexit talks Now for the difficult bit
- 50 Bagehot May's failure to relaunch

International

51 Teenagers' behaviour Docile and dejected



Trump Washington is all Trump all of the time. That is bad for America: leader, page 10. This administration's economic policy has not got as bad as expected, page 27. Trump's judicial appointments may prove his most enduring legacy, page 28. Stephen Bannon had a chance to make American politics better. He made it much worse: Lexington, page 33. Michael Wolff's new book, page 70



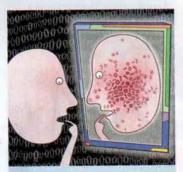
South Africa How 143 mentally ill South Africans were sent to their deaths, page 39



Teenagers Cutting adolescents' use of smartphones and social media is a poor solution to their problems: leader, page 12. Young people in rich countries are better behaved and less hedonistic than in the past, but also more isolated, page 51



Spotify It bailed out the record labels by changing how people listen to music. To make money the company may have to upend the industry yet again, page 53. Spotify opts for an unusual way of going public. Can it be a model for others? Page 54



Economics of data

Economists grapple with the future of the labour market in the era of automation, page 65. A radical solution to the problems posed by artificial intelligence: Free exchange, page 66



King of Wall Street Mirror, mirror on the wall, who is the mightiest financier of them all? Schumpeter, page 59

Business

- 53 Spotify Float of a celestial jukebox
- 54 A new way to go public Direct flight to NYSE
- 55 Spectre and Meltdown Silicon melts
- 55 Consumer electronics All things AI
- 56 Companies and the environment Low-carb diet
- 57 Businesses in Taiwan End of the line
- 57 Gym bunnies The squeezed middle
- 58 Tea in India Strange brew
- 59 Schumpeter BlackRock v Blackstone

Finance and economics

- 60 America's trade policies Steel wars
- 61 Peter Sutherland A father of globalisation
- 61 Crypto-currencies Beyond bitcoin
- 62 Buttonwood Analysts off the couch
- 63 Fruit and vegetables Beneath the bruises
- 63 China's currency Stable hands
- 64 Accountancy in Afghanistan Cultivating bean-counters

- 64 Disaster insurance Storm-tossed
- 65 Automation Producing ideas
- 66 Free exchange The data economy

Science and technology

67 Particle physics No GUTs, no glory

Books and arts

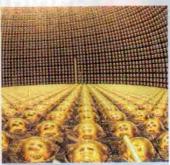
- 70 Trump administration Wolff in the White House
- 71 Africa's dictators Sticky fingers
- 71 The biology of inventiveness Creative spark
- 72 Literature and history The written world
- 73 The Vienna circle Talking heads
- 73 French fiction The killer nanny

76 Economic and financial indicators

Statistics on 42 economies, plus our monthly poll of forecasters

Obituary

78 Calestous Juma Seeds of change



The future of physics The Large Hadron Collider has pushed the frontiers of knowledge farther than ever before. Encore: leader, page 11. Fundamental physics is frustrating physicists, page 67

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The world this week

Politics



Donald Trump reacted angrily to a fly-on-the-wall account of his first nine months in the White House. The president's lawyers tried, but failed, to stop publication of "Fire and Fury" (the book submits that some of Mr Trump's aides question his mental capacity). Stephen Bannon, Mr Trump's former right-hand man, in particular earned the president's wrath for divulging all to the book's author.

Mr Trump indicated a willingness to work with Democrats on immigration reform. His overtures came shortly before a judge blocked the president's attempt to end protections for immigrants who came to America illegally as young children. Meanwhile, the government revoked the special status afforded to 200,000 people from El Salvador that allows them to live and work in America.

At least 17 people were killed in southern California by mudslides that swept down hillsides stripped of bushes and trees by recent wildfires.

A federal court found that the boundaries of North Carolina's congressional districts were drawn to favour Republicans and ordered the legislature to come up with a new map for the midterm elections. It is the first time a court has declared as unconstitutional districts that have been gerrymandered along partisan, rather than racial, lines.

Joe Arpaio, "America's toughest sheriff", who received a pardon from Mr Trump for

contempt of court, decided to run for a Senate seat in Arizona.

No peace at any cost

Colombia's president, Juan Manuel Santos, suspended peace talks with the ELN, a guerrilla group that has been fighting the government since 1964. He recalled Colombia's negotiator after the ELN attacked an oil pipeline and a naval base. A ceasefire which began in September expired on January 9th. Colombia made peace with the FARC, a larger guerrilla army, in 2016.

In Peru, President Pedro Pablo Kuczynski reshuffled his cabinet after the furore caused by his decision to pardon Alberto Fujimori, a former president who was in jail for corruption and human-rights crimes. He swore nine ministers into a "cabinet of reconciliation".

The Inter-American Court of Human Rights ruled that signatories of the American Convention on Human Rights must recognise same-sex marriages. Bolivia, Cuba, Honduras and Peru are among the signatory countries that accept neither gay marriage nor civil unions.

Taxing times



More than 200 people were arrested and dozens injured in clashes between police and protesters in Tunisia, after people took to the streets against the government's austerity measures. Protests also broke out in Sudan, where a cut in government subsidies has led to a doubling of the price of bread.

Soldiers in Ivory Coast looted weapons and burned down

parts of an army base, continuing a string of mutinies over pay that have rocked the country since last year.

South Africa's currency soared upon news that Jacob Zuma had stepped down as president of the country well ahead of the end of his second term in office in 2019. Although many in the African National Congress would like him to resign to make way for Cyril Ramaphosa, the party's new leader, the report was false.

The Israeli government banned the leaders of 20 organisations that support a boycott of Israel from entering the country. The list includes an American Jewish group.

Let the games begin

In the first talks between the two Koreas in almost two years, the North agreed to send a team to the Winter Olympics in the South next month. The pair also agreed to more talks to defuse tensions, but the North refused to discuss curbing its nuclear programme.

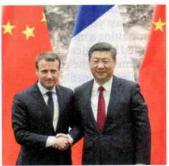
America cut off military assistance to Pakistan, on the ground that it was not doing enough to prevent militants based in the country from mounting attacks in neighbouring Afghanistan.

India's supreme court started a review of the part of the penal code that criminalises gay sex. An earlier ruling on Indians' right to privacy has stirred hopes among activists that the court may soon throw out the relevant clause.

An Indian newspaper revealed that it had obtained access to personal data about the 1.2bn Indians who have signed up for the government's biometric identification scheme. The agency that runs the scheme said it was strengthening the database's security.

An Iranian oil tanker collided with a cargo ship in the East China Sea. There were fears for the crew after the vessel caught fire. Bad weather hampered efforts to control the

blaze, raising concerns about an environmental catastrophe.



France's president, Emmanuel Macron, visited China. He gave his Chinese counterpart, Xi Jinping, a horse called Vesuvius, and amused Chinese-speakers with a mangled attempt to say "Make our planet great again" in Mandarin in a public speech. Mr Macron said China planned to buy 184 Airbus A320 jetliners.

The path of least resistance

Theresa May, Britain's prime minister, carried out the first reshuffle of her cabinet since a general election last year. The rejig followed some highprofile departures in the past few months, including of her deputy. Reports had suggested up to a quarter of her ministers might go, but in the end few changes were made as senior ministers clung to their jobs. Like her misjudged timing of the election, the reshuffle appeared to undermine Mrs May's authority further.

Poland's new prime minister, Mateusz Morawiecki, sacked three members of his cabinet, in what was seen as an attempt to mend fences with Brussels. The European Commission has proposed sanctioning Poland for the government's attempt to increase its power over the judiciary.

A letter signed by 100 French female artists and academics, including Catherine Deneuve, a film star, criticised the wave of sexual-harassment allegations sweeping entertainment and politics, describing it as a "witch-hunt" and defending men's "freedom to pester". According to the letter's signatories the allegations are creating a new "puritanism".

Business

James Damore, who was sacked last year by Google after writing a memo that claimed biological factors accounted for the gender gap in Silicon Valley, filed a lawsuit alleging the company discriminates against white men. The suit, which incorporates complaints from another former employee, maintains that Google is obsessed with diversity and its workplace is hostile to conservatives. It accuses Google of operating illegal employment quotas based on race and gender. The case will be allowed to proceed if a judge decides that it is valid as a class-action lawsuit.

Calling the changes

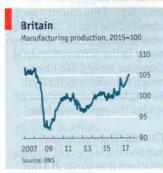
Altice announced a restructuring plan that it hopes will allay fears about the pile of debt it has accumulated through a series of audacious takeovers. The telecoms group intends to spin off its business in America and reorganise its European operations, creating a new unit for its assets in France, its biggest market. Patrick Drahi, the company's founder, will remain the largest shareholder.

A darling of Wall Street when it launched an IPO in 2014,
GoPro decided to stop making drones, the market for which is saturated. It also faces stiffer competition for its Hero range of wearable action cameras from advances in smartphone technology. Its share price tanked.

An agreement reportedly fell apart through which AT&T would have sold phones made by Huawei, which is based in China. Huawei was counting on the deal to break into the American market. It has in effect been shut out of the country after Congress raised questions in 2012 about the company's links to the Chinese army, concerns that Huawei insists are ill-founded.

The euro zone's unemployment rate fell to 8.7% in
November, the lowest since
January 2009. As always, the

average rate masked big differences among countries. Germany's rate of 3.6% stood in contrast to Greece's 20.5%. In America the unemployment rate remained unchanged at 4.1% in December.



Britain's manufacturing sector looked better than at any time since early 2008, according to the latest data. The Office for National Statistics said there was strong broad-based growth across manufacturing, with the largest contribution coming from renewable-energy equipment. There was a negative note: construction output continued to struggle, despite a small uptick. It has contracted over the past half year.

Huntsville in Alabama was selected as the site for a new \$1.6bn factory that will make cars for Toyota and Mazda, creating 4,000 jobs. Home to several other carmaking plants, Alabama will eventually become the second-biggest vehicle-producing state in America, after Michigan.

A revamp of its stores and improvements to its online service paid dividends for Target in the Christmas shopping season. The American retailer reported a solid rise in sales for November and December compared with the same two months in 2016.

Other bricks-and-mortar retailers, including Macy's, also had a good Christmas. One big exception was Sears, which said sales in the two-month period slumped by 17%.

Byron, a British gourmetburger chain, said it could close up to a third of its restaurants as part of a turnaround plan. The firm opened shop in 2007 and says its market has since "changed profoundly".

Mar-a-Lago keeps its view

The Trump administration's proposal to open up waters off almost the entire coast of the United States to oil and gas drilling prompted howls of protests from environmentalists. The geographical extent of the plan, which envisages 47 new sales of drilling leases, surprised observers, though

few think energy companies will operate in much of the area. Republican politicians have also pushed back against the scheme. The governor of Florida secured a commitment that exempts his state's coast.

Warren Buffett appointed Gregory Abel and Ajit Jain as vice-chairs to the board of Berkshire Hathaway, fuelling speculation that either one of them, or even both, will succeed the 87-year-old investor when he eventually steps down as chief executive and chairman of the holding company he leads.

A Kodak moment

In what is a good snapshot of the mania for crypto-currencies, Kodak's share price soared by 300% after it announced a new service based on blockchain technology to give photographers more control over the rights for their pictures. The once-storied company fell on hard times when it misjudged the shift from photographic film to digital imagery. It now hopes to get a boost from digital currencies by issuing a KODAK-Coin that photographers can be paid in.

Other economic data and news can be found on pages 76-77

